



The Washington State Emerald Ash Borer Resources & Management Guide

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Washington Invasive Species Council

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Updates on the Emerald Ash Borer in the Pacific Northwest Webinar

What is the Washington Invasive Species Council?

Established by the Legislature in 2006, extended in 2011, 2016, and 2020. Currently, the council exists until June 30, 2032.

Mission:

The council provides policy level direction, planning, and coordination that will:

- Empower those engaged in the prevention, detection, and eradication of invasive species.
- Include a strategic plan designed to build upon local, state, and regional efforts, while serving as a forum for invasive species education and communication.

Council Staff

WA STATE EAB RESOURCES & MANAGEMENT GUIDE

New
leadership
coming soon!



Maria Marlin

Community Outreach
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Education Specialist

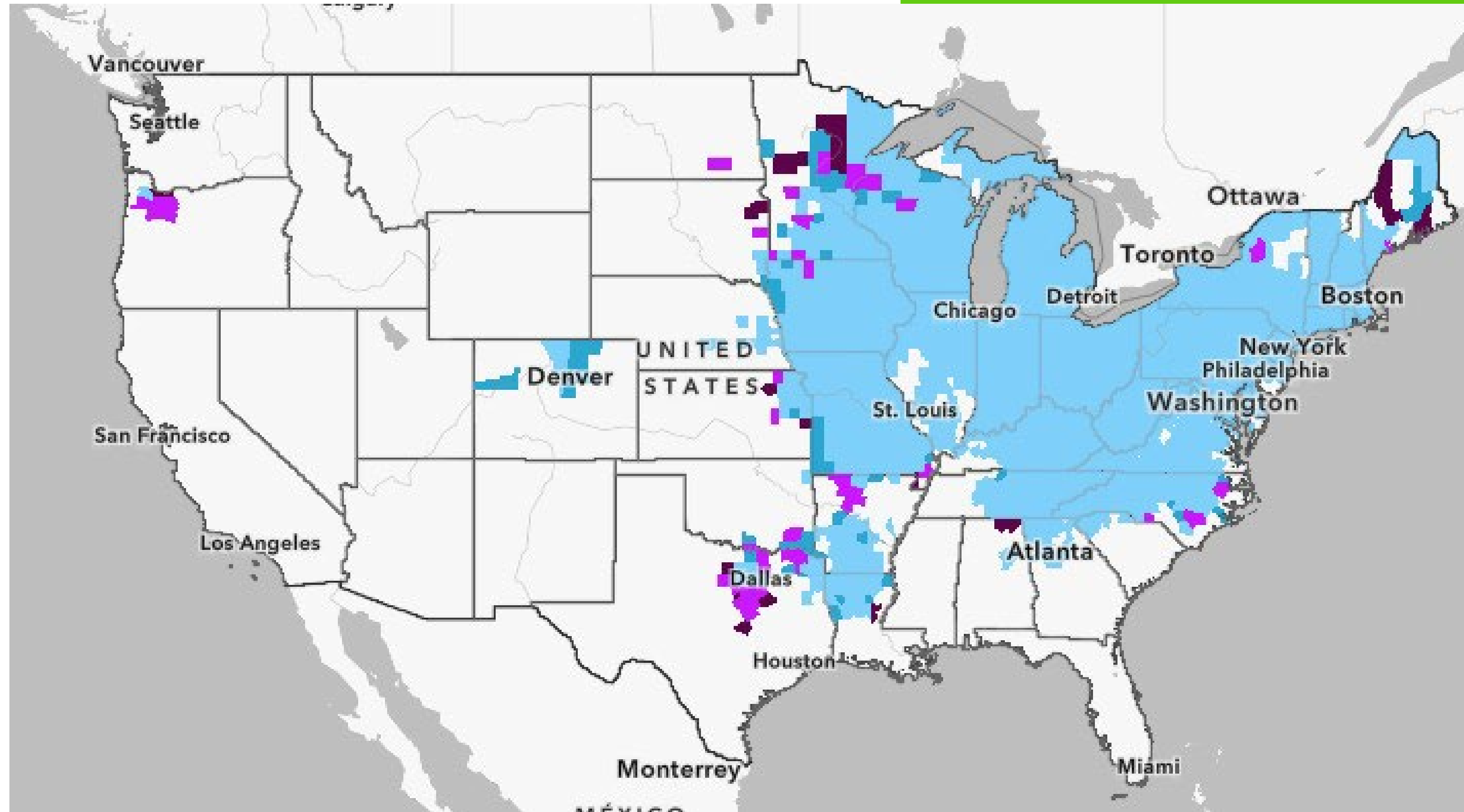


Jessica La Belle

Invasive Species
Program Specialist

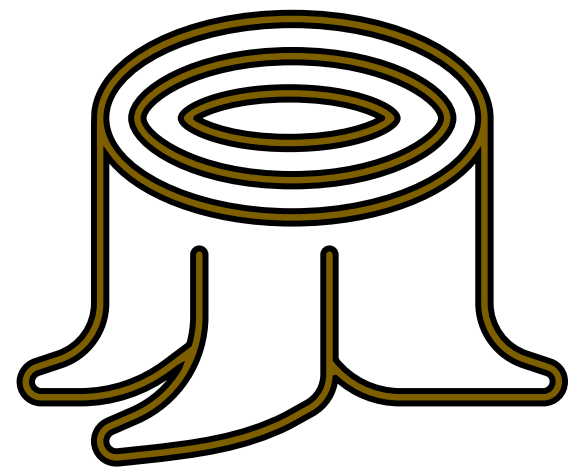
Executive Coordinator

Current Spread

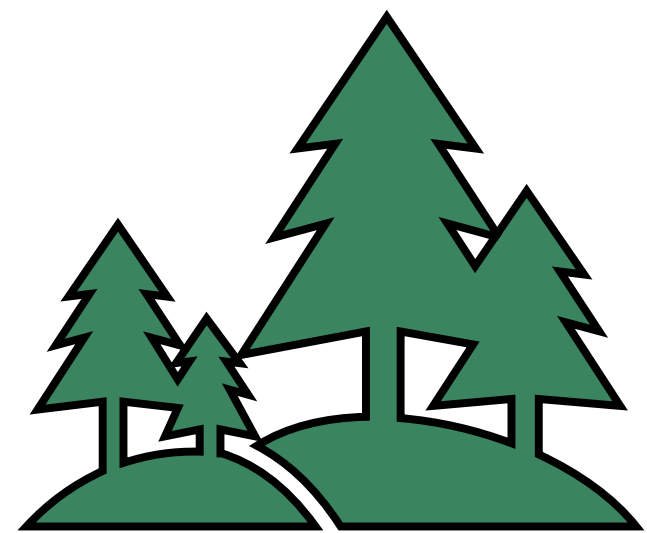


Note this map does not contain detections in British Columbia or Canada as a whole

Why It Matters



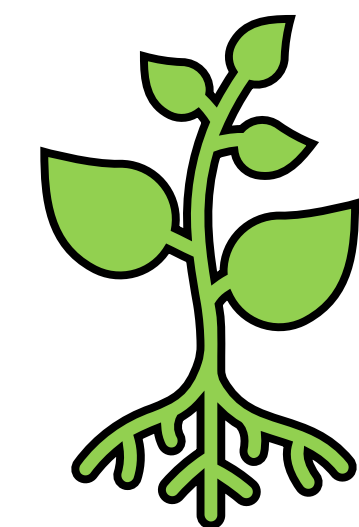
TIMBER
\$3.06 billion



ENVIRONMENT
priceless



COMMUNITIES
priceless



CULTURAL RESOURCES
priceless

Challenges

- Federal de-regulation
 - Removed from United States Department of Agriculture Priority Pest List
- Lack of funding
 - No longer included in wood-boring insect surveys
- Multi-agency jurisdiction
 - Forest pest, not an agricultural pest
 - Reporting & Identification to WSDA, USDA
 - Firewood as a potential pathway



Washington State Emerald Ash Borer Resources & Management Guide

■ Background

- Biology & Lifecycle
- Ash Trees in WA State
- Pest History & Pathways

■ Impacts

- Environmental Risk
- Economic Risk
- Street Trees & Community Impacts
- Cultural Resources

■ Readiness

- Preventative Measures
- Survey & Detection Protocols
- Reporting
- Trapping & Monitoring
- Ash Tree Mapping



■ Response Strategies

- Impacts of No Management
- Planning & Response Strategies

■ Management

- Treatments
- Wood Disposal & Reutilization
- Biological Control
- Ash Removal & Mitigation

■ Outreach & Education

- Communications Plan
- Targeted Outreach Efforts
- Education Management Plan

Washington State Emerald Ash Borer Interagency Working Group

State Partners

- Washington Invasive Species Council
- Washington State Department of Agriculture
- Washington State Department of Ecology
- Washington State Department of Fish & Wildlife
- Washington State Department of Natural Resources
- Washington State Parks
- Washington State University

Federal Partners

- United States Department of Agriculture
- US Forest Service

Other Stakeholders

- Samara Group LLC
- Oregon Invasive Species Council
- City of Seattle



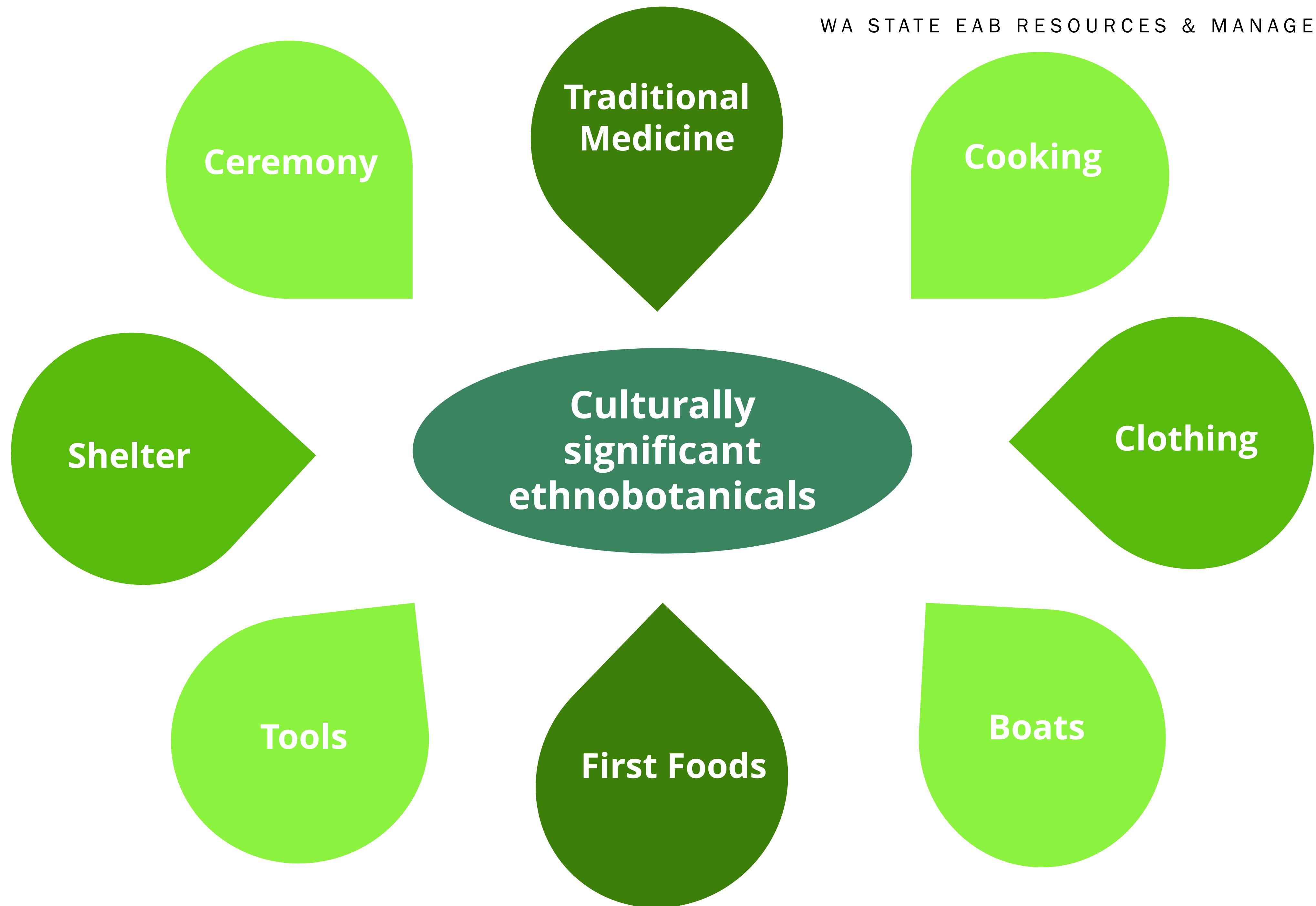
Washington State Spotted Lanternfly Action Plan



- Short Term Management
- Monitoring and Outreach
- Early Detection
- Rapid Response
- Eradication

- Long Term Management
- Quarantine(s) and Rulemaking
- Tree-of-Heaven Control
- Cultural Impacts
- Potential Economic Impacts
- Best Practices

Learn more at agr.wa.gov/lanternfly



Takeaways

- Culturally significant ethnobotanicals may be at risk from invasive insects
- It is critical to include Tribal Nations and Indigenous communities when preparing for or responding to a plant health emergency.



SEE IT, SNAP IT, REPORT IT

Think you have seen an emerald ash borer in Washington?

Take a picture, note the location, and report it!

You can report 3 ways:

On your phone or tablet using the 

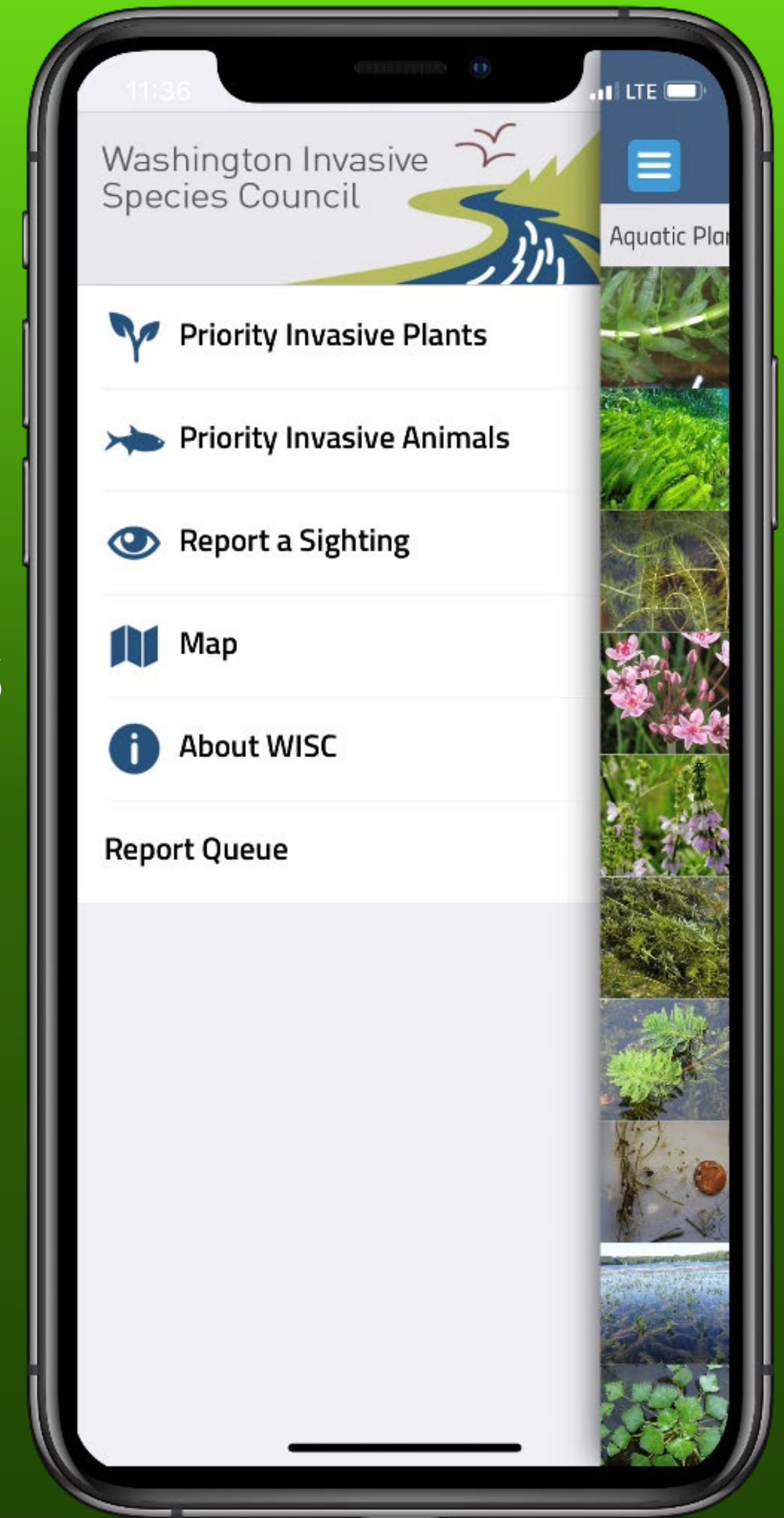
On our website:

invasivespecies.wa.gov/report-a-sighting/

Or email InvasiveSpecies@rco.wa.gov



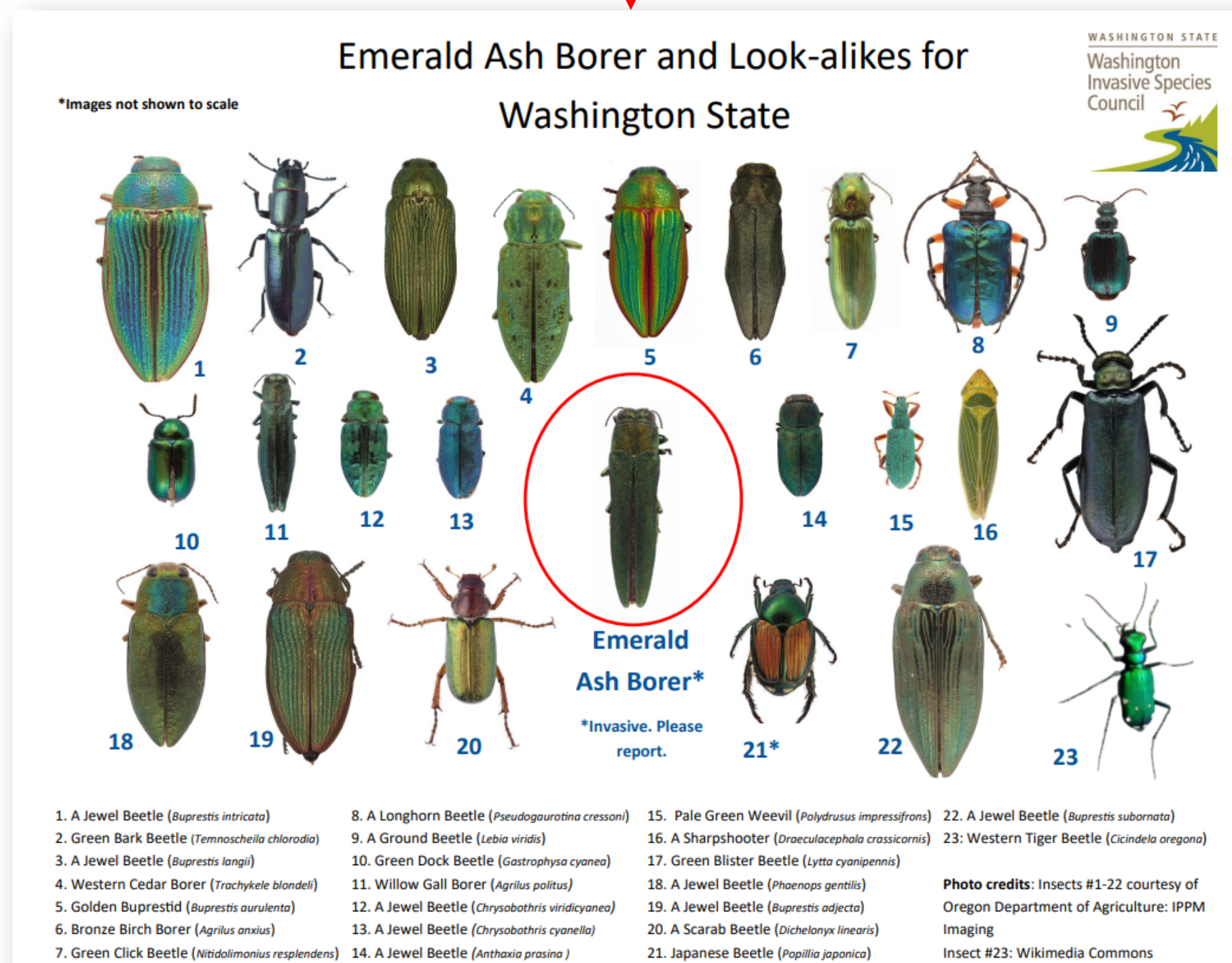
**WA Invasives
app**



SCOPE OUT OUR WEBSITE FOR MORE RESOURCES!

Free printable factsheet

Emerald Ash Borer Look-alike Guide



Emerald Ash Borer



Trunk damage. Photo: Art Wagner

What Is It?

The emerald ash borer (*Agrilus planipennis*) is a small Asian, wood-boring beetle that may attack and kill ash trees. The larvae burrow under the tree's bark and eat the sapwood. These damaged layers of tissue below the bark are critical to transporting water and nutrients throughout the tree. Once damaged, the layers can't transport water and nutrients causing the leaves and tree to die gradually.



Adult beetle. Photo: David Cappaert

Is It Here Yet?

No, but it is very close. They are established elsewhere in North America. This invasive insect was recently detected in Oregon and British Columbia.

Why Should I Care?

The emerald ash borer has killed hundreds of millions of ash trees in North America and gradually is moving westward all the time. It could devastate Washington's forests and sensitive riparian areas. In addition, the potential costs of lengthy quarantines or replacing countless dead trees after could be hefty.

What Are Its Characteristics?

- Adults are a jewel-like metallic green.
- Elongated narrow shape, about a half-inch long.



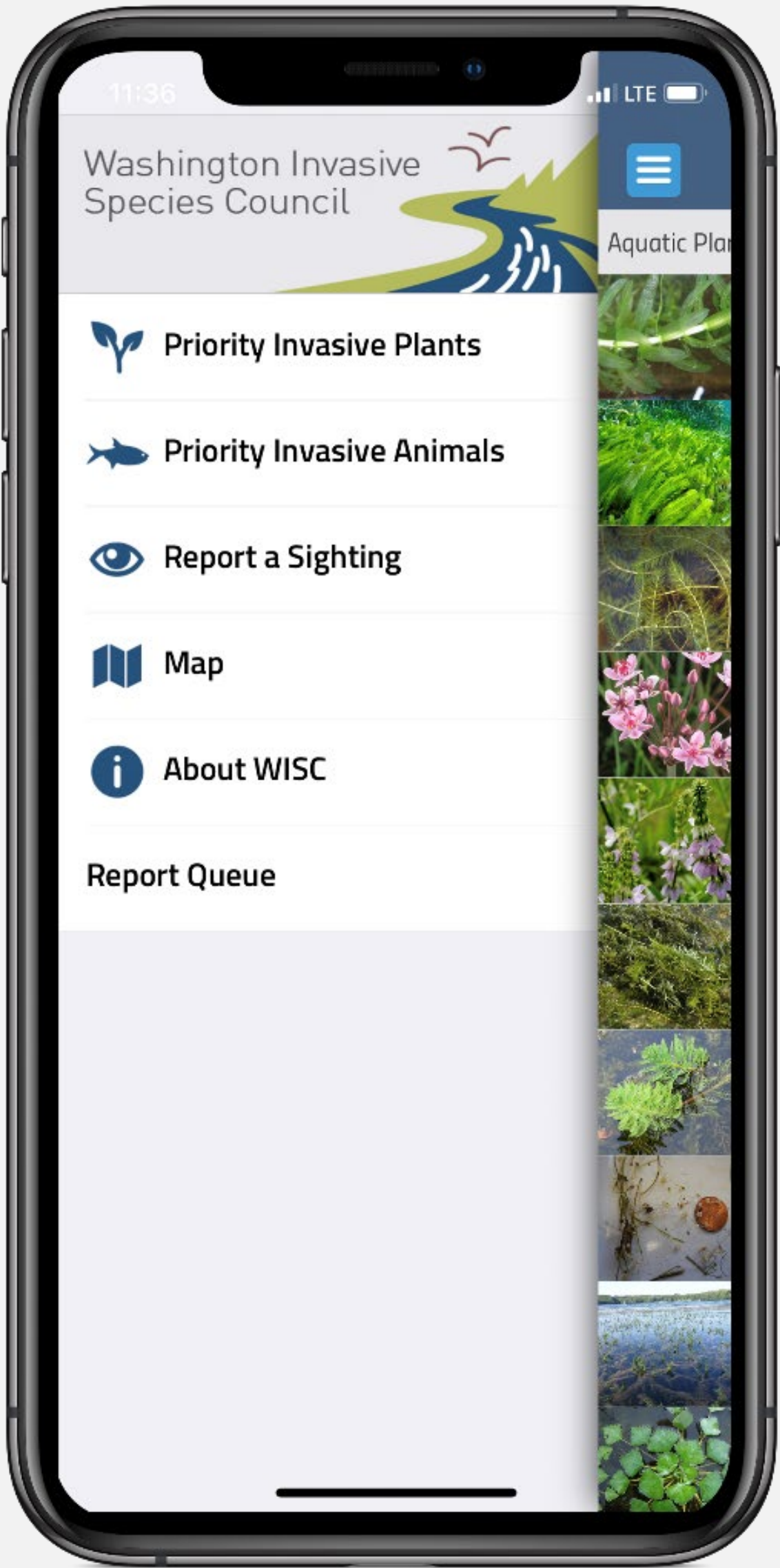
Emerald ash borer adult. Photo: Wikipedia



QUESTIONS?



WA Invasives app



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