DON'T MOVE FIREWOOD SOCIAL MEDIA MESSAGE FRAME TESTING

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ABOUT DON'T MOVE FIREWOOD

Firewood is a broad pathway for invasive forest insects and diseases.

- Forest pests can and do move when people move firewood
- Regulations are not comprehensive nor consistent
- New pest outbreaks come to light every year





ABOUT DON'T MOVE FIREWOOD

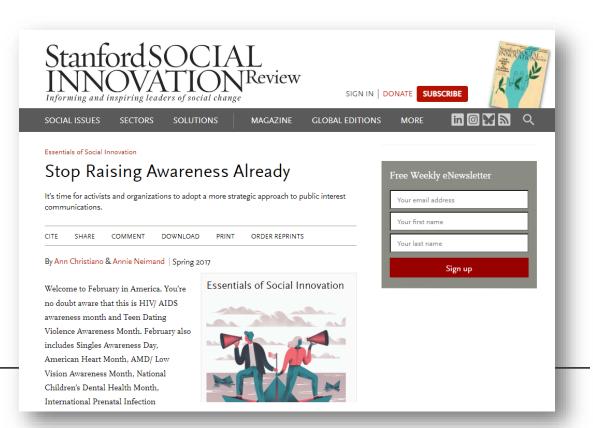
- GOAL: Protect trees
- **TACTIC**: Slow the spread of invasive forest pests via the firewood pathway
- **TARGET**: Firewood users **and** stakeholder group educators
- MESSAGES: Don't move firewood; buy it where you burn it, gather on site, or buy certified, heat-treated firewood

WE MAKE OUTREACH TOOLS CONSISTENT AND WIDELY AVAILABLE

- Resource Library
- Firewood Map
- Invasive Species profiles
- News; Newsletter
- Spanish language microsite
- Resources for Outreach Professionals
 - Firewood Comparison Report
 - This webinar!



- "Information-deficit model" of awareness equals action is not effective alone
- Awareness must be coupled with an **achievable call to action (CTA)**
- Online CTAs you already know:
 - Subscribe
 - Buy Now
 - Sign Up
 - Click here
 - Learn More



- Less than half of the public (39%) have heard/seen firewood messaging
 - Even less (19%) are aware of state laws or regulations
- Forestry-related public agencies most trusted messengers
- Effective messaging should generate encouraging, empowering, and social norming (e.g. positive peer pressure) feelings around the desired behavior change

Solano et al 2022. Achieving effective outreach for invasive species: firewood case studies from 2005-2016. Biological Invasions. <u>https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10530-022-02848-w</u>

- Figurative language (e.g. metaphors) are common in science communication
- Some can cause misunderstandings, distract, and be counterproductive.
 - War, battle, military
 - Can cause unwanted outcomes (e.g. spraying/killing native insects)
 - Distracts from desired behaviors
 - Can reduce palatability of message to audiences
 - Nativist, reductionist, fear- or scare- based
 - Can fuel argumentative discourse, social tension, and discomfort
 - This undermines positive peer norming and therefore does not serve the outreach conservation intent

Reeb and Heberling 2024. Lost in translation: The need for updated messaging strategies in invasion biology communication. <u>https://doi.org/10.1002/ppp3.10603</u>

We avoid these problematic figurative language choices and instead strive for effective message frames supported by social science research:

- Protective frames
 - Based on valued resource
 - Empowering or encouraging
- Objective frames
 - Fact-based
 - Instructive or educational
 - Clear call to action

Protect the places you love...

You can help save trees...

Your firewood choices matter...

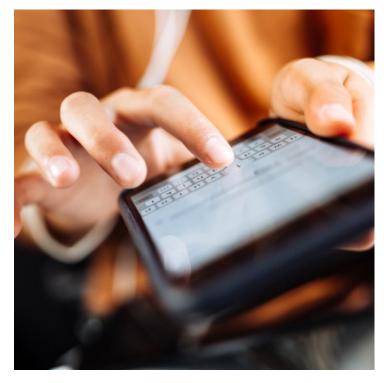
Forest pests can damage ...

Learn more about how you can help

DMF ON SOCIAL MEDIA

- Facebook and Instagram: Most posts are "organic" (i.e., unpaid posts).
- Some years budget includes paid advertising
 - Boosted posts or Advertisements
- A/B testing compares two posts to see which performs better.
- We decided to A/B test a wide variety of posts over time, controlling everything except the message framing comparing protective language with objective language

PROTECTIVE VS OBJECTIVE LANGUAGE – IS THERE A DIFFERENCE IN ENGAGEMENT?



Protective; descriptive, ruining the fruit and your backyard



Don't be dazzled by the beauty – spotted lanternflies ruin apples, grapes, and backyards.



dontmovefirewood.org **Protect your trees.** Don't move firewood.

Learn more

:

Objective; more general and scientific- infest, prevent, contaminated



Spotted lanternfly infests trees, grapes, and habitats near you. Prevent the movement of pests on contaminated firewood.



dontmovefirewood.org Keep invasive pests away Don't move firewood

Learn more

PROTECTIVE VS OBJECTIVE LANGUAGE – IS THERE A DIFFERENCE IN ENGAGEMENT?



30 Facebook ads (15 pairs) across 5 "flights"; each pair had the same photo, audience, spend.

\$\$ spent and running time were the same
within flights and similar between flights (ave.
28 days)

Compared Link Clicks, Clicks (all), Click Through Rate (link), Click Through Rate (all), Cost Per Click (link), Cost Per Click (all), Shares, and Page Views

DATA ANALYSIS

Conditional Logistic Regression

Compared key metrics between protective vs objective ads of the same type (i.e., each pairing), while accounting for correlations in pairings within the same flight (e.g., duration that ads were active)

A <u>stratum</u> included each protective ad and its paired objective ad (i.e.,15 ads = 15 strata)

All strata in each flight were assigned a unique **cluster** (i.e., 5 flights = 5 clusters)

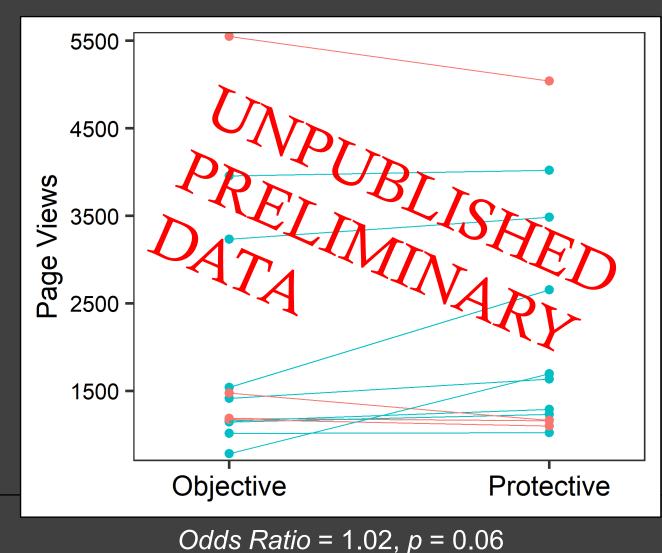
Model parameters estimated using <u>survival</u> package (*clogit* function) in Program R

Flight 1 Flight 2 **Protective Objective Protective Objective**

Craiu et al. 2008, Merkle et al. 2014

RESULTS

Protective language generally elicited more page views





× :

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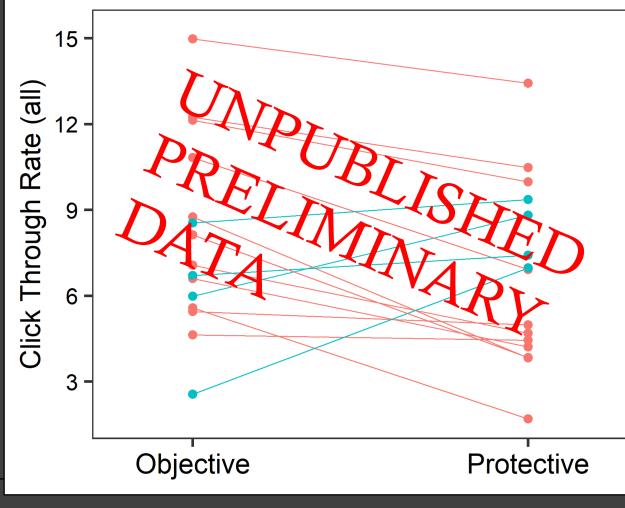


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Learn more

RESULTS

Objective language generally had a higher click through rate

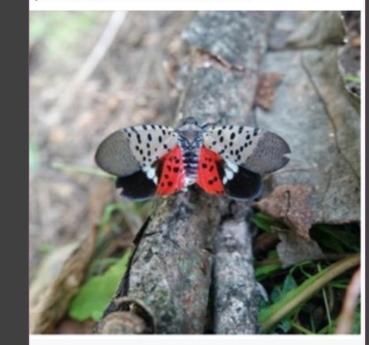






× :

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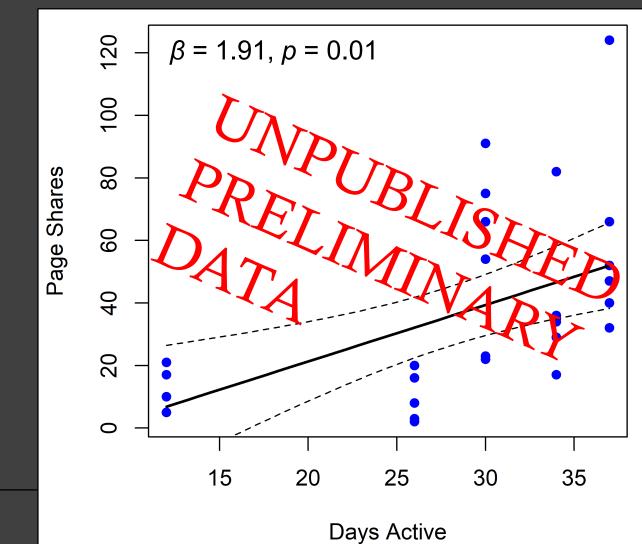


dontmovefirewood.org **Keep invasive pests away** Don't move firewood

Learn more

RESULTS

Shares increased if ads were active for longer



TO SUMMARIZE

Both Protective and Objective frames had **similar overall performance**, with slightly more DMF content engagement (i.e., link clicks and page views) coming from Protective ads, whereas Objective ads drove more engagement within the ads (e.g. enlarging a photo within Facebook, or hitting "Like".)



Protective frames drew more users to navigate to DMF (website) resources, whereas Objective ads drove more engagement within Facebook itself

BONUS! PHOTOS VS CARTOON GRAPHICS

Text: Don't give spongy moths (or their eggs) a free ride...keep firewood local!

Headline: Help protect forest health.

Link description: Buy it where you burn it.

Call to action: Learn More.



ANY QUESTIONS?

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